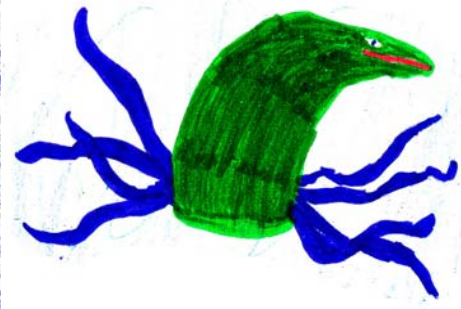
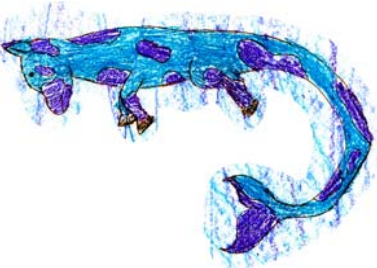
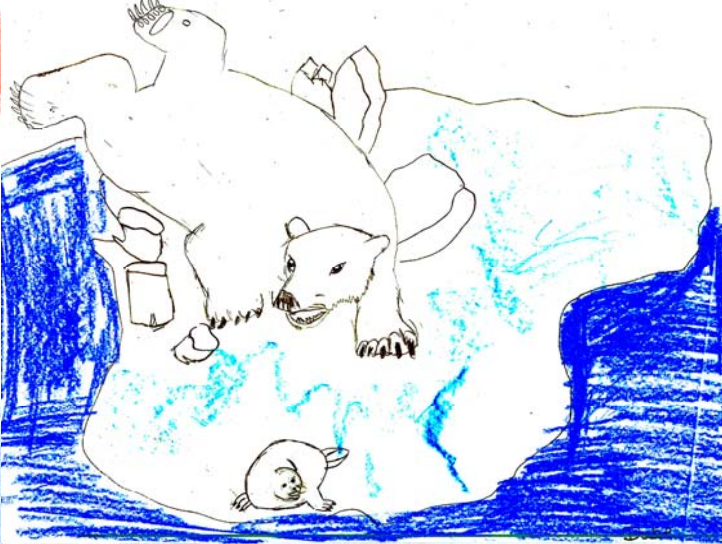


Sea Stuff & Hard Core Ocean Stories: Real & Imagined ...



By Mr. Outland's 6th grade class



*Sea Stuff &
Hard Core Ocean Stories:
Real & Imagined ...*



Mr. Outland's Class

Dedicated to
The Staff at Pnt. Reyes

Ocean Life



The ocean is a beautiful place, many creatures live there. For example fish, snakes, plants, sharks, turtles, light fish, clams and many more. There are lots of mysteries of the ocean and that's why I'm going to tell you many cool facts. There are some fish you would know but here are some fish that you wouldn't know. Napoleon wrasses are as big as steering wheels and like to follow divers. Parrot fish like to nibble on all the coral they find with their beak – like mouths. The flying fish have many other fish that want to snack on them. This is no problem for the flying fish they just build up speed and jump up out of the water and fly. This one is weird yet cool when the blue striped marlins are getting ready to eat, the color of their skin turns black or blue.

Here are a few facts about tide pools: tide pools usually appear during low tide and this is the best time to see the many wonders of the pools. Tide pools are teeming with life. Many different types of crabs can be seen coming in and out of the shallow pools along with sea slugs. Sea stars, squat lobsters, bearded anemones also can be viewed through the clear shallow pools. Along with the living creatures, you can also view what the tide brings in; this would be dead things such as Jellyfish, broken shells and seaweed. In some cases, you can also see dead carcasses from larger animals such as whales, seals and sea lions.

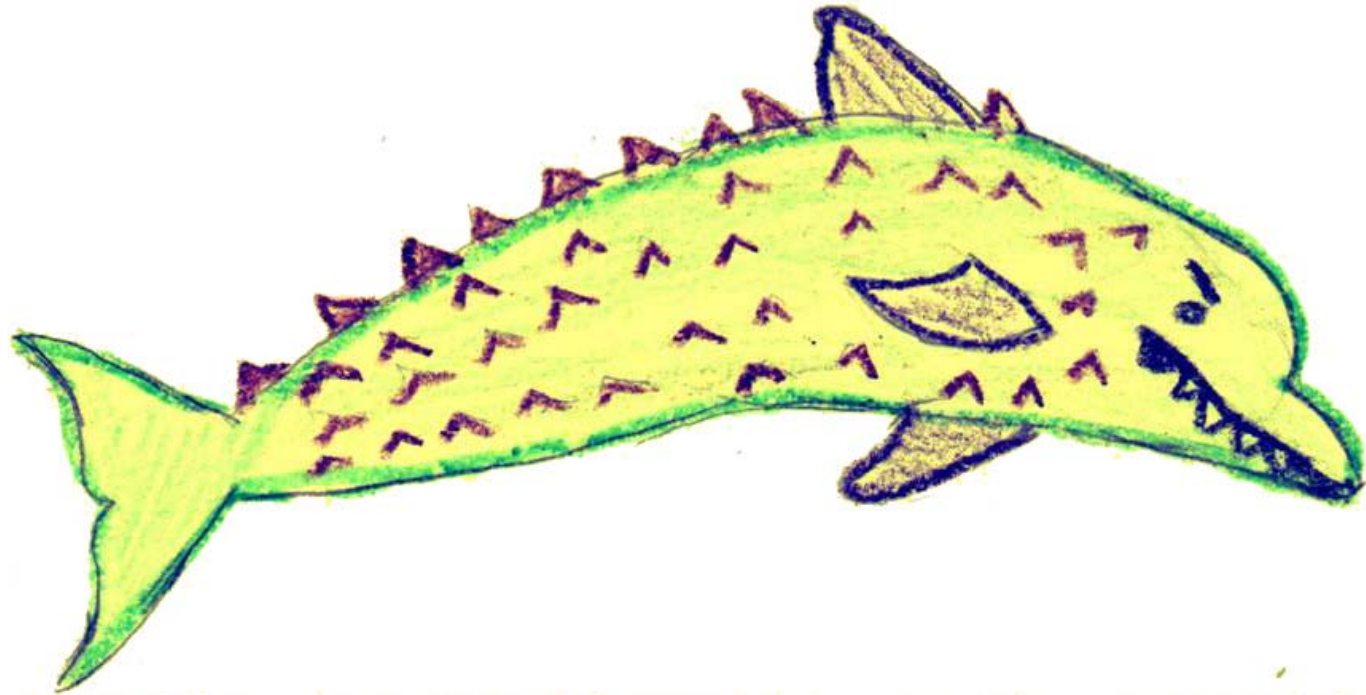
These are just a few facts about the wonders of the ocean, because when you think of it three quarters of the earth is covered with water.

JARREN

SHARFINS

Sharfin was an animal that everyone felt sorry for. He was a lab creation gone wrong. Sharfin had a bunch of implanted spikes and super sharp teeth so everyone was afraid of him, but he was really just a baby Sharfin. There was a mean Wark who bullied him everyday, and Sharfin had no defense against him. The scientists were so disappointed that they released Sharfin into the ocean. There he met Krabbs. Instantly they became soul mates, but his fear of Warks remained! Soon Sharfin became part of the habitat, going to Krabbs' glamorous parties and hunting for Tellys with his friends Krabbs and Fow. Now everyone relies on Sharfin's color-changing trend-setting abilities.

SIERRA





FOWS

Fows are a cow like animal. They have spots like a cow and a tail like a fish. They can change their spots and body color. They're friends with tellys, kraabs, sharfins , and sometimes warks. They eat tellys, warks, sea gulls, and sharfins. They live near sharfins, and kraabs. They also eat small fish, kelp, and jellyfish. They usually stay where there is very little light but is kind of dark . You can rarely find a fow with horns , or find a fow at all. If you catch a fow in the ocean they will bite you or they will smack you with their tail. They do not like people from Massachusetts and sea gulls. They love to party with kraabs, sharfins, and tellys.

They're very fun to learn about: go to www.luvfows.com

Cheyenne



Kraabs/Krabbs

If you would like to learn more about Krabbs after reading this fact-filled paper go to ... www.mustluvkrabbs.com

F.A.K - Facts. About. Krabbs.

-Krabbs love to party – Krabbs can be any color – Krabbs are either super hyper or super lazy – Krabbs live In the deep deep ocean – Krabbs are sometimes found living with Tellys – Krabbs compliment the thing or animal it's with – Krabbs are often spelled with double "b"s because "It's easier to spell..." – Krabbs originated in the Arctic and were found with King Tut (Krab shells were found and few Krabbs where living – Scientist believe that Krabbs originated in the deserts before slowly migrating to the Arctic, soon Krabbs became bored and made their way down to Canada then somehow made their way to sunny California! – Krabbs are found of the coast of California or 12 miles off the south coast of Austrailia – Krabbs have been reported to rarely be violent by eating away viciously at Warks and/or attacking crabs and small children at beaches – Krabbs have been sold for labor or money – Krabbs that are sold instantly give away bad luck, King Shinguandi lost all of his teeth and owed more than \$50000000 in American dollars (currently) he then gave it to a peasant, the peasant had an eternity of bad luck. The history of Krabbs and their bad luck continues to this day.

Olivia



telly

The telly is a jellyfish and a turtle put together. The telly is two feet tall, and one and one half feet wide, and it is five pounds. The telly lives in the ocean, and it lives with the Krabbs and Fows. The telly eats plankton, kelp, smallfish, and sometimes kraabs. The telly can sting and bite you with its sharp teeth. The telly does not like to be held, or touched, it also does not like the light. The telly has a hard shell like the turtle, and tentacles like the jellyfish. The telly is a very mean creature, they do not go in the fish tank like other turtles. Anyone that has ever seen the telly says that its bad luck. Some of the Tellys friends are the wark, the Fow, the Sharfin, and the Krabb. The krabbs and tellys love to party, and are best friends, well some of them are.

Juliana



Wark

As the smallest and fastest whale ever, the Wark has sharp teeth like sharks and whale teeth in the throat. Warks live in a very deep areas of the ocean. Its eyes have glowing irises so that it can see in the dark. It is approximately the size of a great white shark. Different species have different colors. This one is a purple Wark, other colors include; green, red, blue, white, brown, black, yellow, turquoise, gold, and silver. The rarest Warks are colored silver and gold. They can swim 100-110 miles per hour, when normal Warks can only swim 90-100 miles per hour. Warks can't be burned because they have special slime on their body. The largest Wark found was 30 feet wide and 100 feet long. Warks have a keen sense of smell. They can smell something in the water ten miles away. Warks weigh about 200-250 pounds. They eat turtles and seals, but can also filter feed. Too much light can kill them, because their eyes produce light and their not used to large amounts of light.

Joe D.

FOWS, SHARFINS, WARKS, TELLYS, and KRABBS

Fows, Warks, Tellys, Krabbs, and the Sharfins live off each other... friends or not. These sea animals live and work together as a team. The food chain that was made between these creatures works out as; Krabbs eat Warks and Tellys for important dates(Christmas, birthdays, Turkey Days, etc.) but mainly eats sushi, ice, sand, coral, and if needed to can (in oil spills) eat oil, Warks eat Sharfins and love them, they can also filter feed and can smell up to 5 miles away so they can hunt majorly, Sharfins sometimes eat Fows, to do that they must hide in the eerie coral reefs until they see their prey and make their move, Fows love to feast on Tellys, although they only eat these delicious things a few times a year, they make the best out of it, and then we have the gleeful carefree Telly, they love to eat Kraabs but are best friends with the Krabbs, Krabbs always tried to feast on innocent Tellys but now the Kraabs are terrified of Tellys because the fear of their own kind being eaten. These creatures all live together and live off of each other. The life and food chain works well with these beautiful and peaceful creatures. These animals are best friends or worst enemies but it all works out in the end.





Polar



Bears

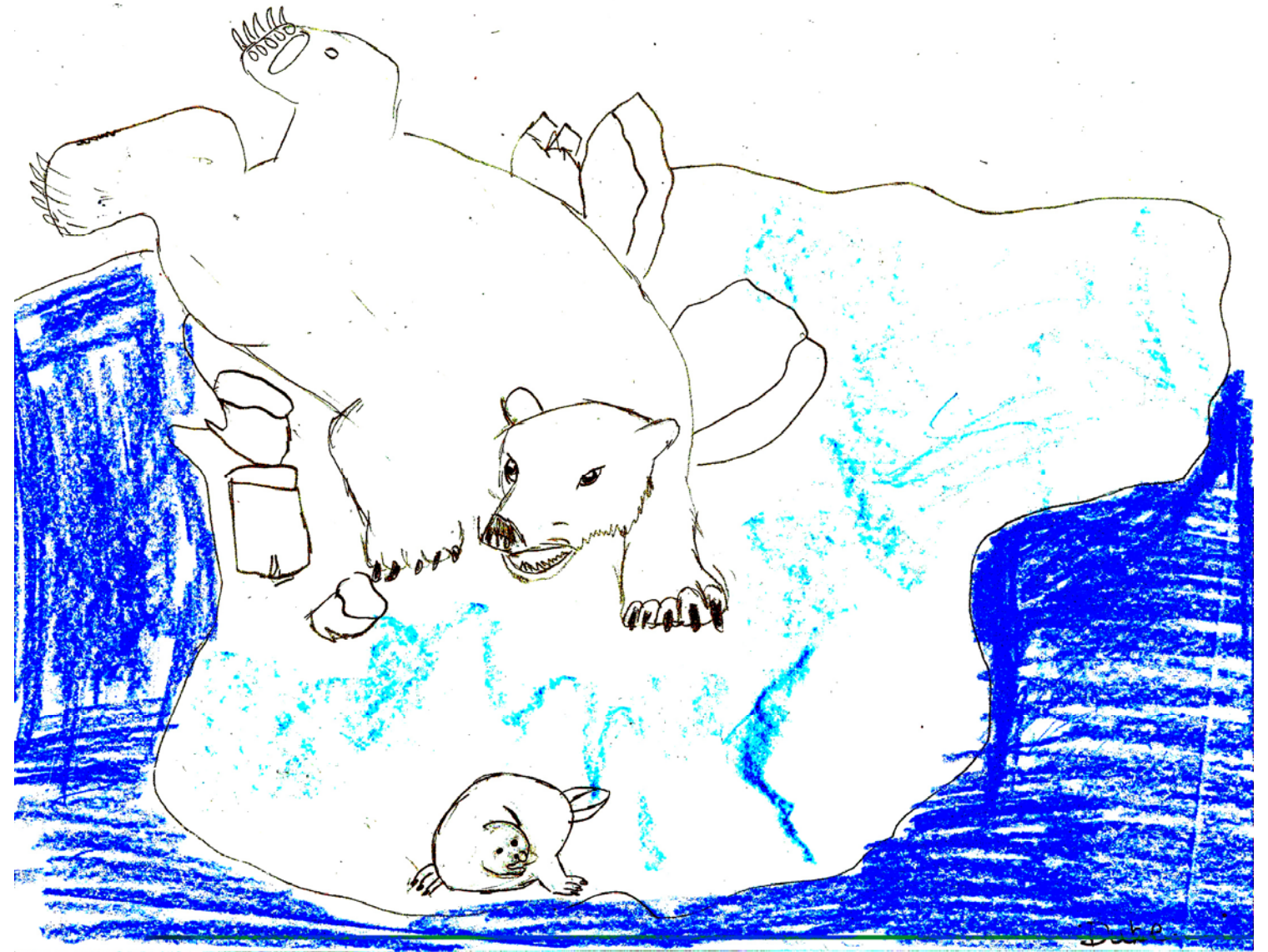
Polar bears are the world's largest land predators. 25 to 40 thousand polar bears can be found in the Arctic. The female polar bears start having babies at about the age of 4 or 5. They usually have about two cubs which are born in a snow cave that the mother digs. The polar bears stay in the cave over the winter and come out in the summer with the babies. The babies are the size of a rat and weigh less than a pound. If they have lots of food the baby polar bear can grow to full size in a year. Male polar bears have to stay away from the baby polar bear because it could be dangerous. The female polar bear can weigh up to 650 pounds. Male polar bears can weigh up to 1,400 pounds. Wild polar bears live up to 25 years old. Polar bears fur is actually not white, each hair is a clear hollow tube. Polar bears look white because all of the hollow tubes reflect the light. Each sunny day the hollow tubes trap the sunlight keeping the bear warm. Polar bears skin is black.

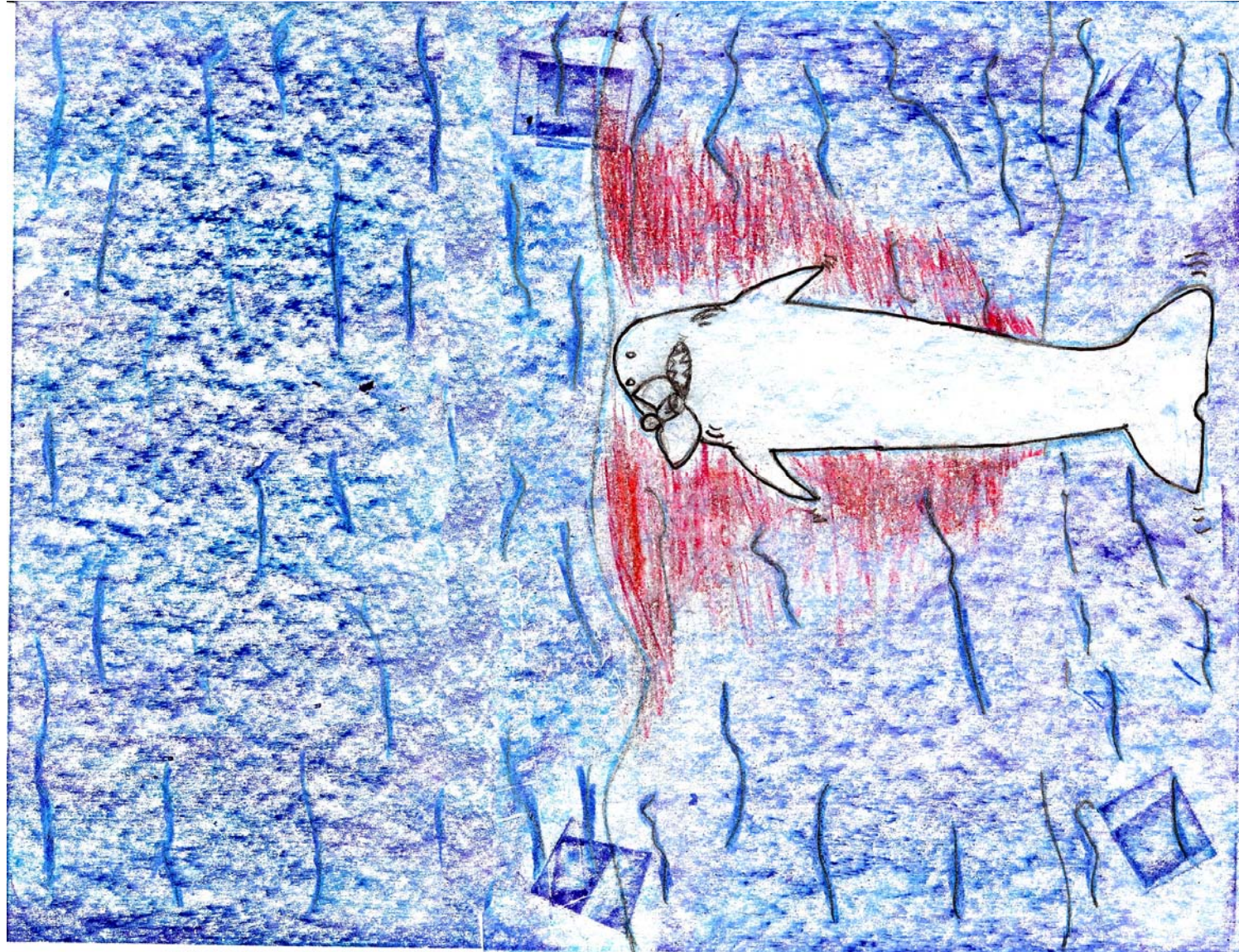
Polar bears paddle with their front feet and steer with their back. Polar bears have paw pads that help prevent them from slipping on the ice. Polar bears can swim 100 miles at a stretch. Polar bears mostly eat seals. The polar bears occasionally rest silently at the seal's breathing hole

waiting for them to come to the surface. Once the seal has come out the polar bear will sink its teeth into the seals head. 70% of baby polar bears do not live up to their third birthday. When the polar bear is done feeding on the seal it could be very deadly.

Humans are polar bears only predator. Polar bears are dying because they can't swim well because of their weight. To solve this problem they made life-jackets to help them swim. Polar bears can survive in -40 degrees Fahrenheit to -50 degrees Fahrenheit. Polar bears walk at a certain pace so they don't overheat. Remember, polar bears are going extinct.!

Kaziya and Nicole





Sharks

Sharks can smell blood from miles away. Sharks are aggressive animals to people. Sharks are dangerous animals. Many people get bit by sharks each year. Sharks can sleep on their backs. Sharks have three rows of teeth. Their teeth are rugged and sharp. They can cut through many things with their teeth. Sharks can kill easily with their sharp teeth.

Sharks can be many sizes and different colors. Sharks can come with big teeth or small teeth. Sharks can be large as a whale to as a boat. The whale shark can eat a lot of fish a day. Sharks can tear through flesh in one bite. They are able to bite through swimmers gear. Sharks can bite through the air tank and make the tank explode in the water.

Sharks are very dangerous, but they can also be less of a harm if you leaves them alone. Some times when sharks attack they get upset or angry when you enter their habitat. Sharks are known to get aggressive when another shark approaches them and their family, or try's to take their food. Sharks can attack anywhere or at anytime of the day or night. Many sharks can swim really fast, and get through water to catch prey. The great white shark is the only shark that can jump out of the water to catch its prey.

Sharks are very interesting animals. There one of my favorites. Everyone should learn about them. And learn how they live in the ocean.

MELISSA



The Hammerhead Shark

Out of all sharks in the world, perhaps the easiest one to identify is the hammerhead shark. Hammerhead sharks are found in all tropical and warmer temperature waters of the world.

Of the eight different species, three are known to inhabit Hawaii's tropical waters. Hammerheads have intrigued the world with their unique body shape and unusually weird behavior.

NICK D.

The Legend of Atlantis

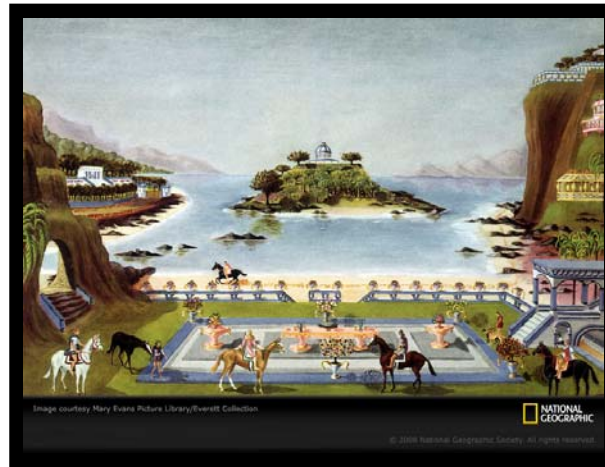


Plato was a Greek philosopher who was the first person with knowledge of Atlantis and its cultures. He was said to have lived from 428 and 348 B.C. Every culture has beliefs about Atlantis. Many say that Atlantis was destroyed by a great flood. Plato says that the Atlanteins were very smart and talented.

It was said that they were far ahead of our time but their greed and power led to their destruction. Plato believed that Atlantis was bigger than Asia, and was 5-10 million square kilometers.

Based on Plato's stories Atlantis was the area where Poseidon dwelled and ruled. When Poseidon fell in love with a mortal woman Cleito, he built a house for them to live in, with rings of water to keep her safe. Cleito had five sets of twin boys, who eventually became the rulers of Atlantis. Atlantis was made up of great walls and canals. In the middle there was a hill, and on the top of it was a temple of the god of the sea. Atlantis was said to be in the shape of a bull's eye.

Some say that Atlantis was part of a land bridge that stretched across the Atlantic Ocean and out into the Pacific. People say that the top of Canary Island is the top of Atlantis's tallest mountain. People think that Atlantis might have suddenly blown up and disappeared. Plato believed that Atlantis was in the Atlantic Ocean. In fact people think that the Atlantic Ocean was named after Atlantis.



It's interesting that when Plato talked about a chapter in the bible about "THE GREAT FLOOD" he thinks that it might lead to discovering why Atlantis went down.

I think that Atlantis is real, because there are so many stories about it. But maybe Plato just wanted attention because he was lonely.

The Lost City Of Atlantis

The story of the lost city of Atlantis starts at 355 B.C. It has captured the interest of many people for many years.

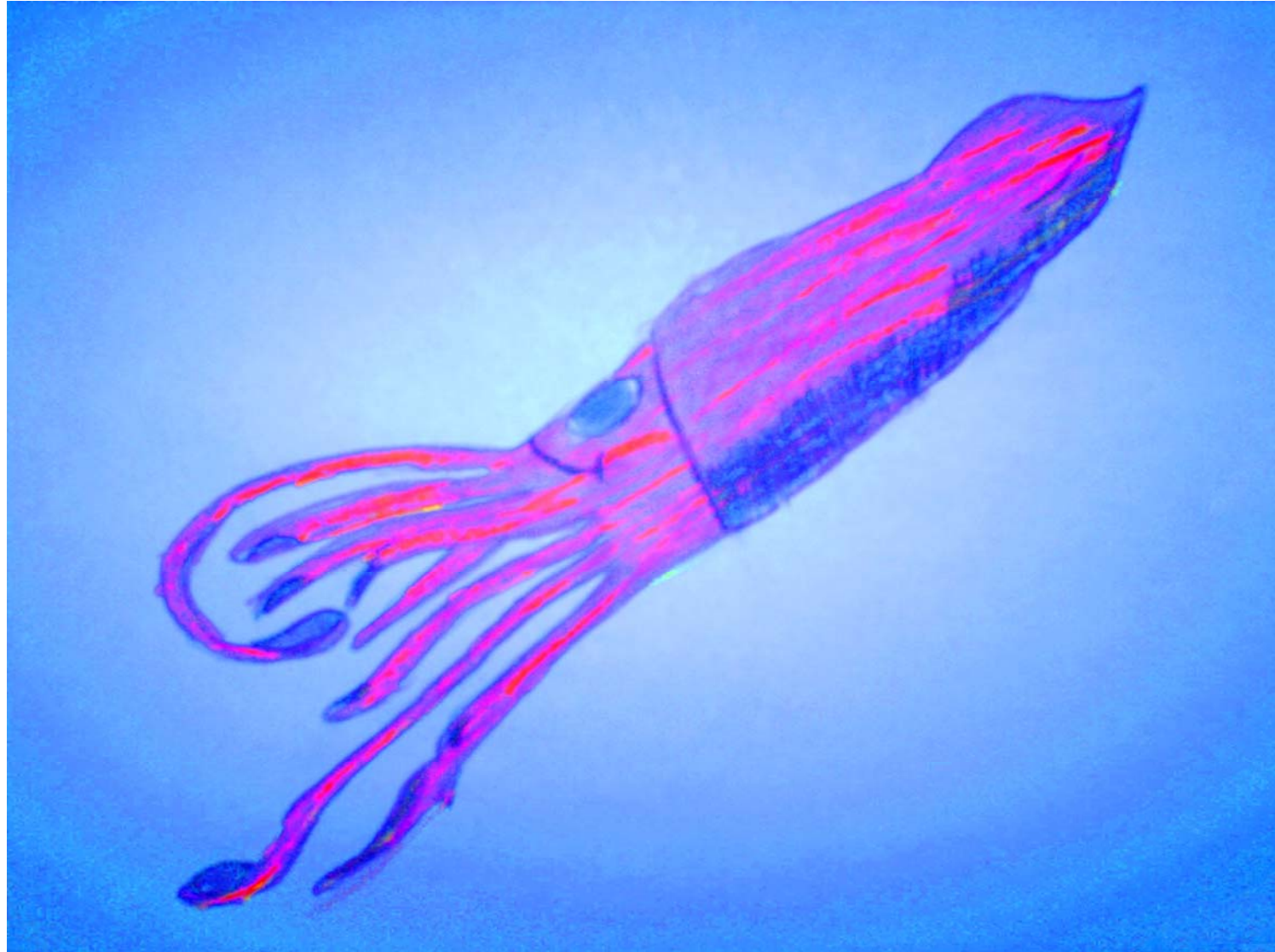
Plato was a Greek philosopher who planned to write a series of books discussing the nature of man, and the creation of the world. Plato used dialogues to express his ideas and theories. His theory was that there was a lost city that he called Atlantis. He believed that Atlantis technology was far ahead of our own.

Plato believes that Atlantis was in chaos because greed and power made their leader blind and foolish, so he couldn't lead his empire the way it should have been ruled. People believe the possible locations of Atlantis are Azores, Straight of Gibraltar (Pillars of Heracles), and Crete.

People think that Atlantis was destroyed by a tsunami; others think that it was destroyed by a volcanic eruption.

Poseidon was the ruler of this amazing city. Atlantis was an amazing empire, and we may never know if it was real or not.

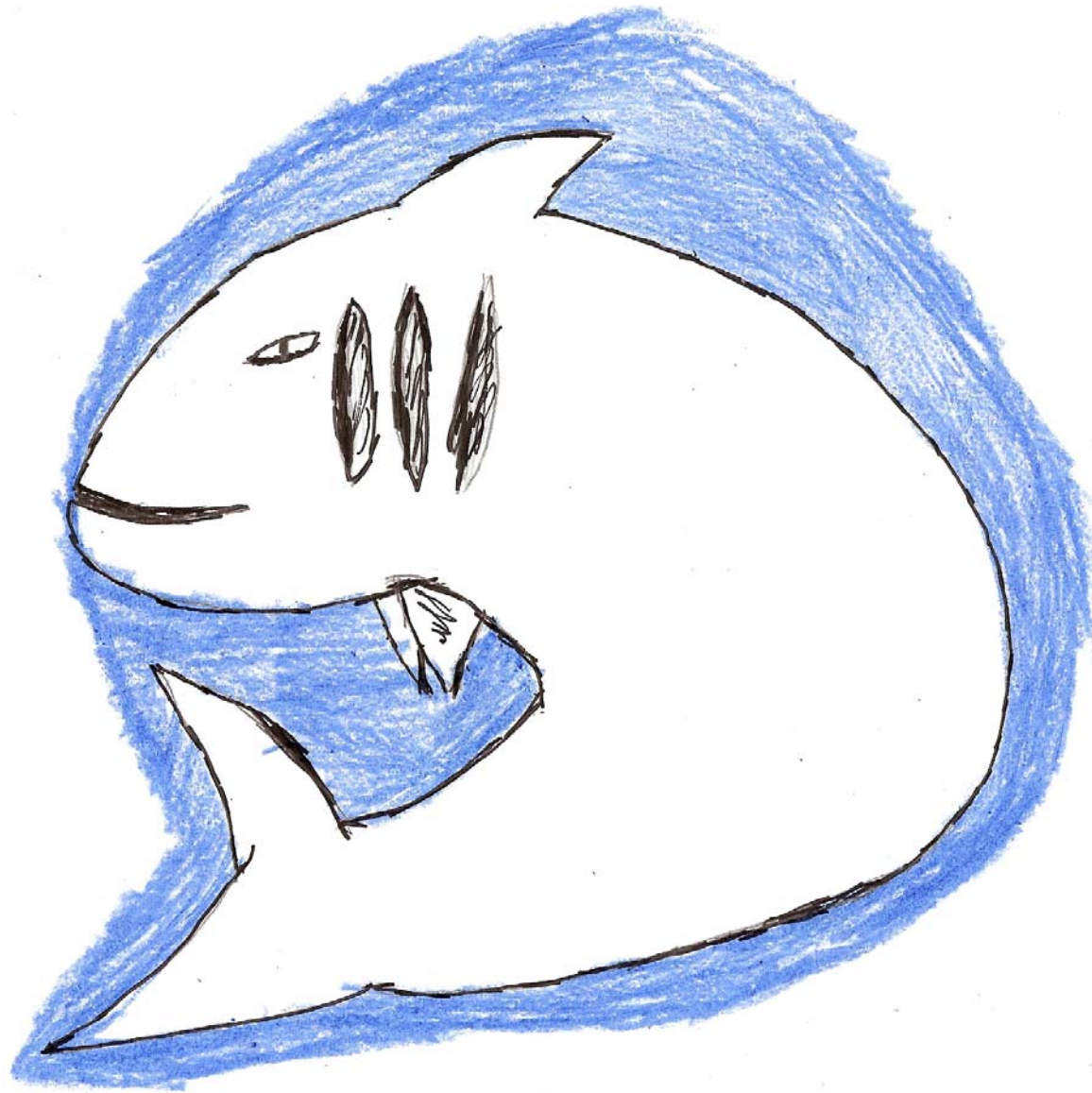
Adam/Steven



MR. SQUIDDY & HIS BROTHERS

Mr. Squiddy lives in the ocean far far away, under the water in a ship called the Ocean Explorer. Squiddy had some brothers. One was named Pixie-Squid. They were separated, so they had never seen each other. He found out about Pixie-Squid. Mr. Squiddy's favorite food is cherries. He and his brothers live on a ship together. They guard a treasure from the evil dolphins. His enemies are the dolphins. His talent is he can spray ink at his enemy. Mr. Squiddy is happy now that he is with his brother.

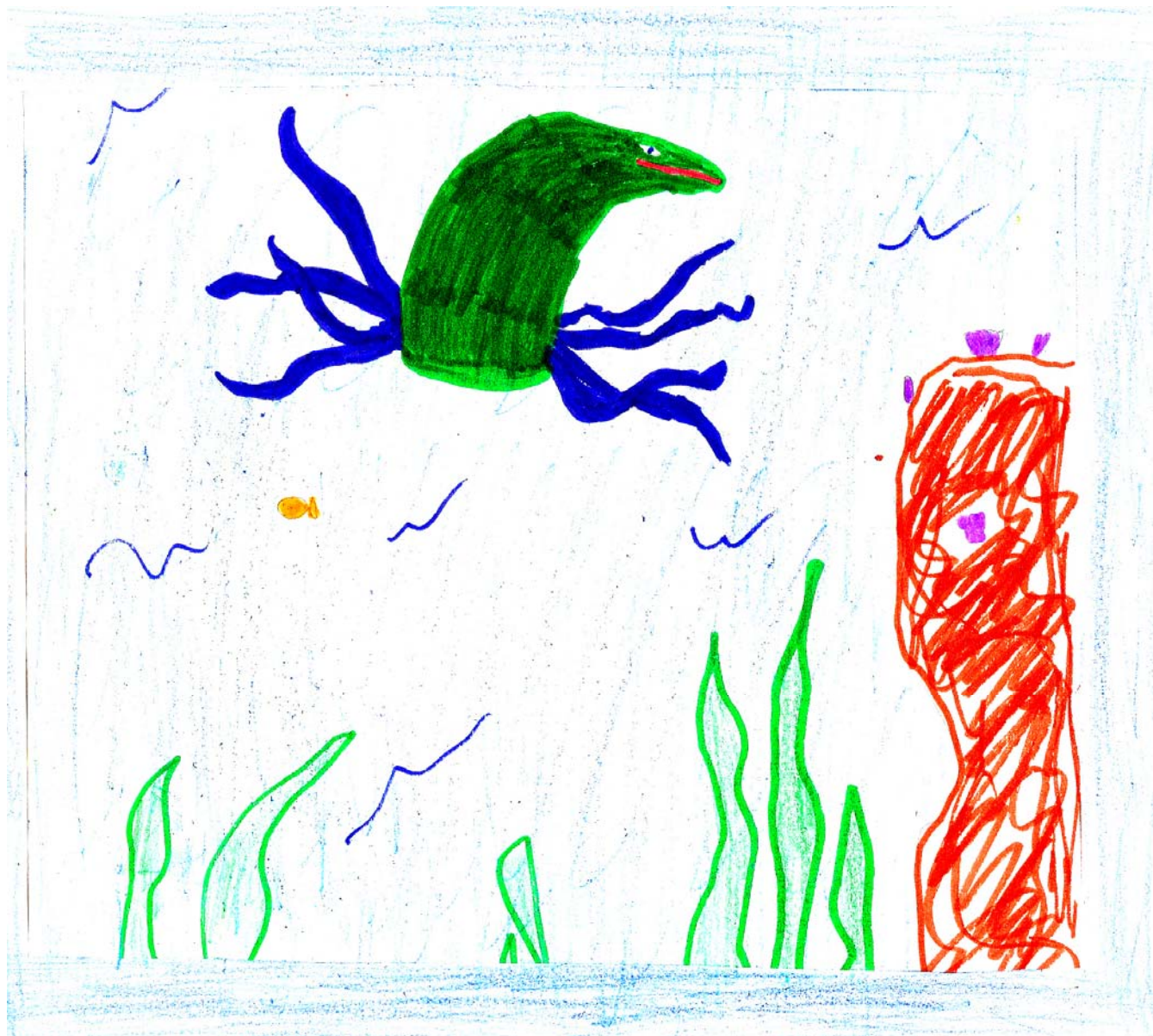
Leanna



CHORK

One place long, long ago, there lived a creature called a chork . The chork lived deep in the sea, it lived inside mud. And it lived to be over one hundred years old. It had a very sharp overbite , and big head and very sharp teeth. Chork have very sharp horns on their back, and a light hanging from their head. And that is the story of the chork.

Connor



The Eeloctopus

There once was an Eeloctopus who guards a very rare treasure of the seas. He had a lot of friends to help him guard it. Every night he went up to the top of the boat to see the stars. Once he saw a shooting star, Venus, and Mercury all at the same time! Every day the EVIL rare dolphins try to take the treasure from the ship but, the Eeloctopus and his friends stop them from taking it. One day the Evil Dolphins never came back. So the Eeloctopus and his friends had the treasure all to themselves.

Max K.

The Pixie-Squid



The Pixie-Squid

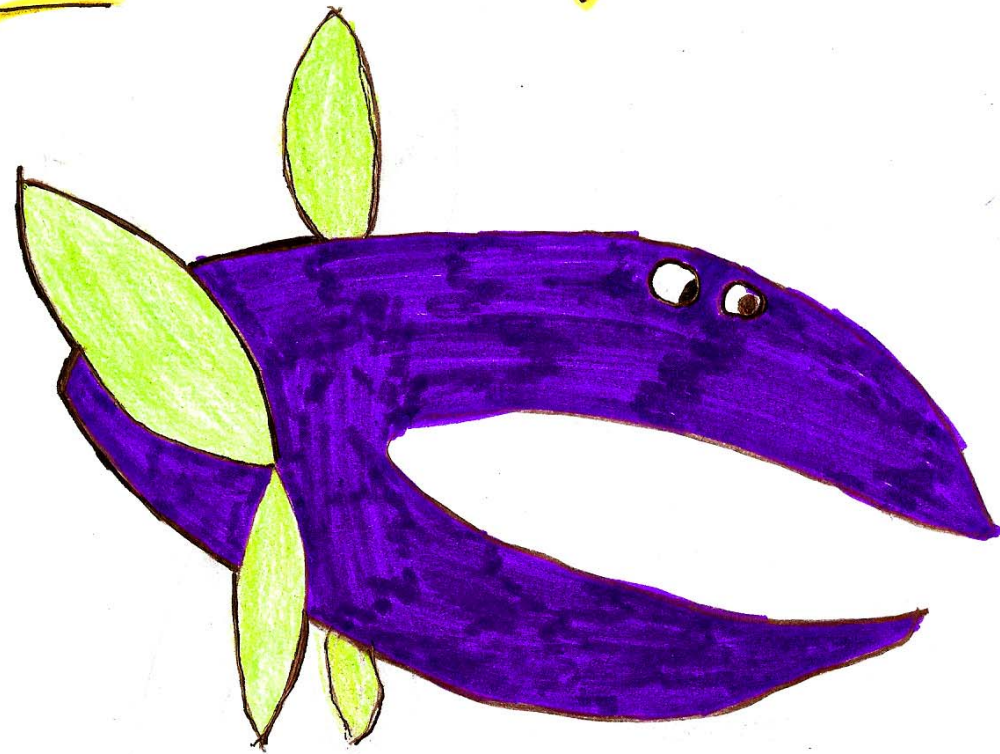
The Pixie-squid is an unusual creature. First of all, the Pixie-squids enemy is the Evil Dolphin, and her habitat is underwater in the ocean.

Her and her buddies live on and protect a boat called the Ocean Explorer. The boat has a treasure on it. They guard that from the Evil Dolphins. Her favorite foods are the underwater tofu and Hot Dogs. They also have a very cool talent for a squid. They can shoot up from underwater into the air and can be out of the water for 5 seconds. Thanks for listening about the Pixie-squid.

The End

Cassandra

The Butterfly Clam



The BUTTERFLY CLAM

The butterfly clam lies on the Ocean Explorer along with Pixie Squid and the EElotopus. They are all buddies and protect the Ocean Explorer. Their favorite foods are the bean burritos, burgers, and the raspberries. Their enemy is the evil dolphins. All of the animals on the Ocean Explorer are friends. Some of the Butterfly Clam's talents are that he can fly instead of swim, and jump really high. That is the life of the Butterfly Clam.

ANTHONY G.



The Mariana Trench

The ocean is one of the most interesting places in the world. For it holds the deepest place in the world. And that place is the Mariana trench. It is over 7 miles deep and 1500 miles long. The deepest part of the trench is called the challenger deep. Some of the more interesting animals that lived there are the angler fish, the giant squid, and the vent crab. An interesting fact about the vent crab is that they live by hydrothermal vents which reach over 235 degrees! Something amazing about (almost) all of the animals that live in the trench is that they live to be over 100 years old! I hope this has shown you how cool the ocean can be.

Jacob

Amelia Earhart



Amelia Earhart was the first lady in flight. When she was ten years old she went to her first air show. The first plane she saw was a model made out of wires and wood. She was not impressed. At age 20 she attended her first aerial acrobatics exhibit. That is where Amelia fell in love with flying. She became a nurse during WWI. When the war was over she became a social worker which paid for her first plane; a two-seater bi-plane. She called it the Canary. That is when she became the first lady in flight.



On July 2, 1937 she started her trek around the world with her navigator, Fred Noonan and her Lockheed Elektra. They made it most of the way. When they got to the last 7,000 miles they crash landed somewhere in the Pacific Ocean. Nobody knows what really happened to Amelia, but one thing is for sure – she will always be in our hearts.

Max J.



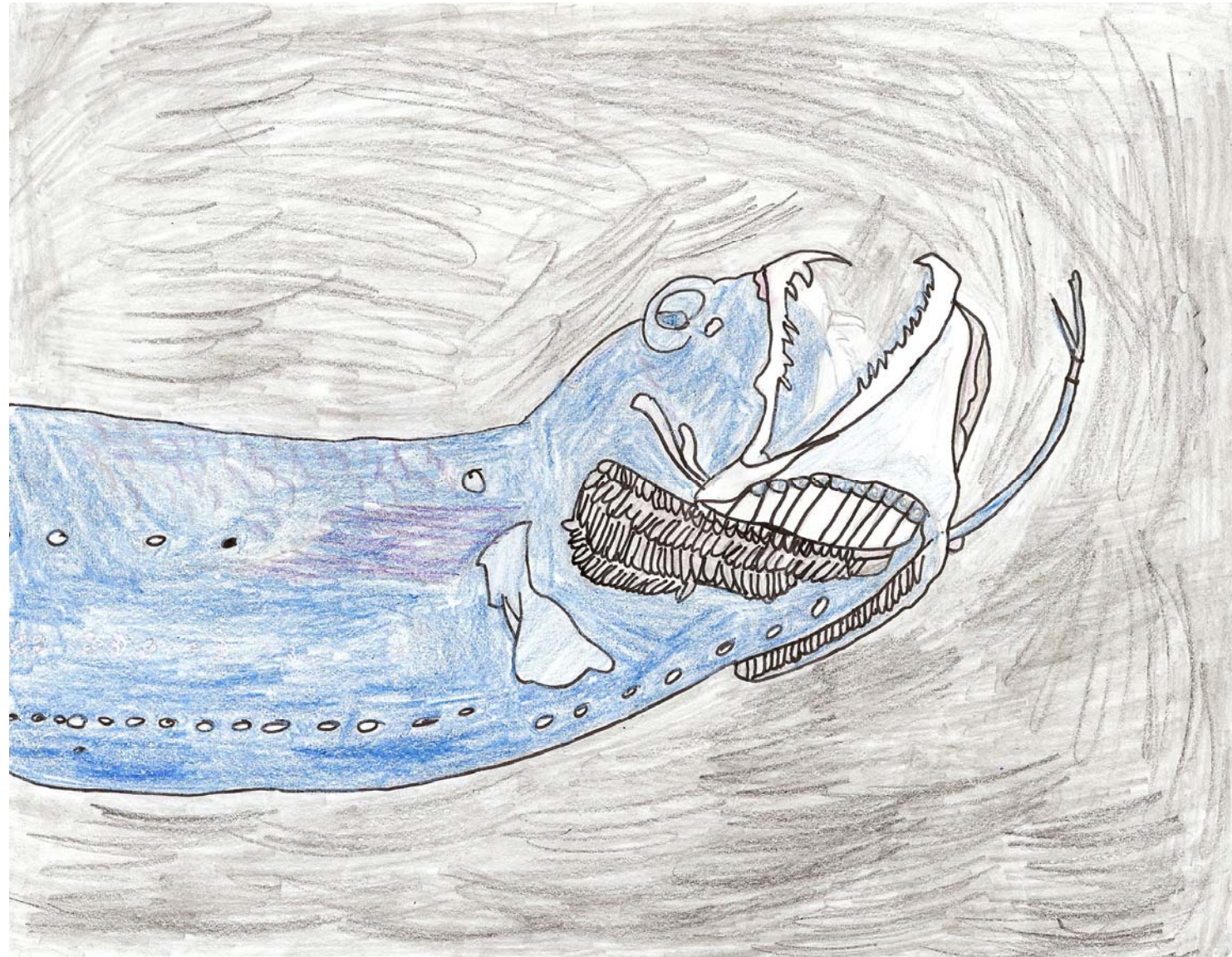
Super Duper Sea Serpents

Some mysteries of the ocean are sea serpents. Some bigger than a house while others smaller than an eagle. Are these fact or fiction? Let's read on and find out.

August 6, 1848 on board the Daedalus in the Atlantic Ocean, seven men including the captain reported seeing a creature approximately sixty feet long and fifteen inches in diameter. A mane of soft blanket like material flowing down its back. The creature's body was a dark brown color and its throat area was a yellowish white. The creature was swimming at about fifteen miles per hour with its head above water. In modern years a creature of this description has been seen off the coast of California by many reputable witnesses. Some people say it had sharp fangs, some say its friendly, and some even say they've tamed it enough to ride it!

Does California have its own nautical mysteries? Is it fact or fiction? Can we believe these tales? Who really truly knows? Only the handful of blessed people able to see these beautiful creatures really, truly know. The rest of us can only dream of such mystical beauty until we see the truth that lies within our wonderful world of many mysteries.

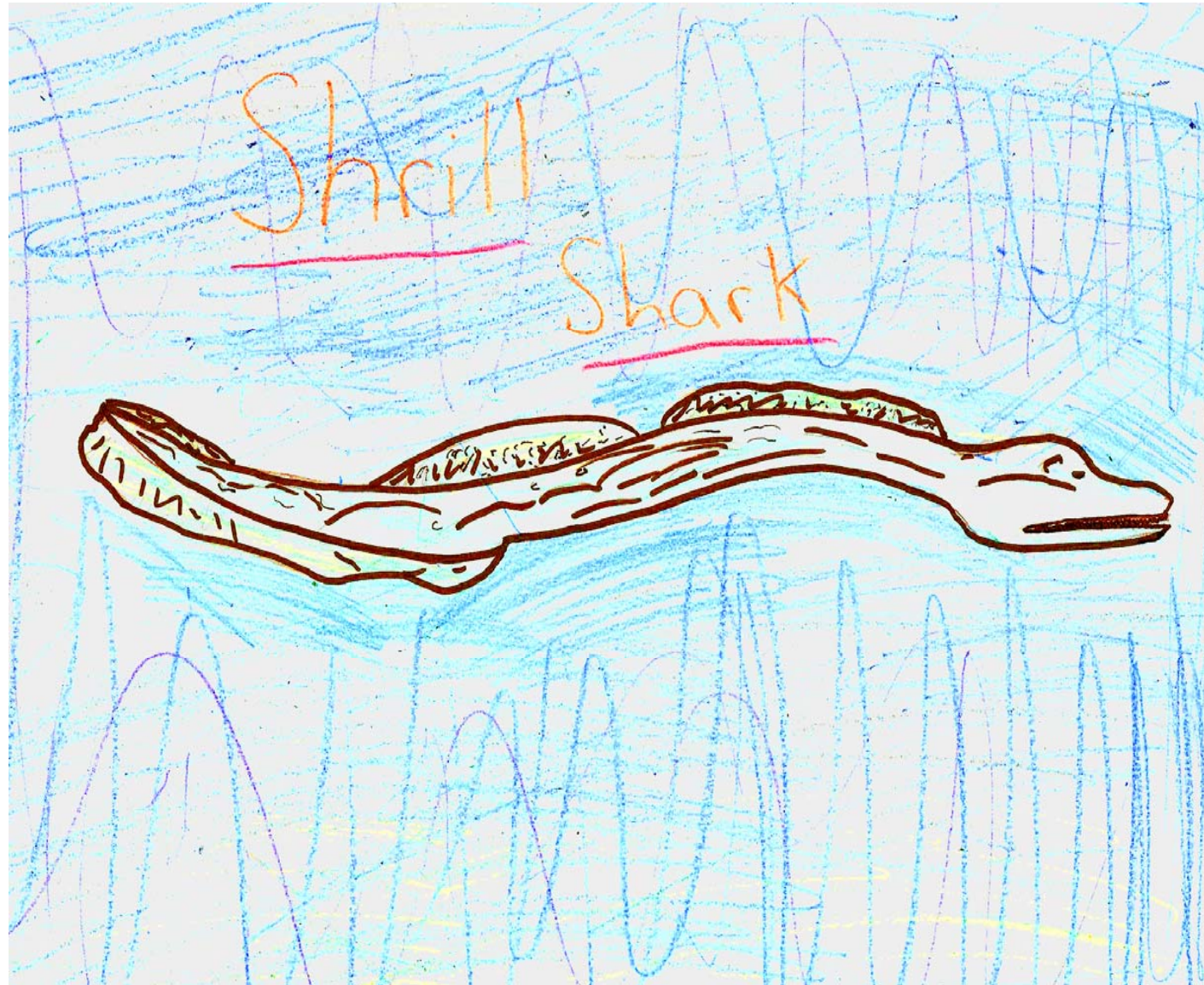
Sayannax



Fantastic Sea Serpent

The Neisse is probably one of the most fascinating mysteries of the world, yet no one has fully proven the strange creature's existence even though many strange carcasses have been found. Are these clues to one of the world's most puzzling mysteries? Maybe they are, maybe they aren't, we may never know. There have been sightings of a few sea serpents, and for example, a 60-foot-long creature has been seen on the coast of California. A man named Dr. Steve O'Shea found a specimen that was damaged when it was fished out of the water. It measured 4 meters and weighed 75 kilograms. Even though it was an octopus, it was still a massive creature. Lake Champlain is a one-hundred-nine-mile-long lake, between New York and Vermont. A French explorer named Samuel de Champlain found a monster named Champ. That is why the sea serpents are one of the most fascinating creatures.

Alyssa



Serpents Of The Seas

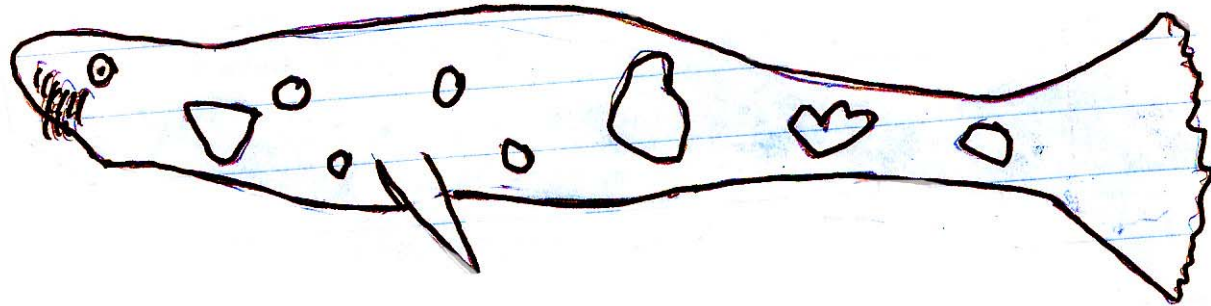
Since the beginning of time man has investigated, wondered, and tried to make sense of the exotic ecosystem we call the ocean. People have made dangerous journeys into the unexplored areas trying to make a discovery, either new animals or plants. The vast majority of the oceans depths are unexplored, so there is a lot to explore. In Tokyo a rarely seen shrill shark was captured on video and then caught then was on display at Mario Park south of Tokyo. An unidentified carcass washed ashore in Egypt in 1950 after a violent three day storm.

Illiamna Lake, Alaska this 80 mile lake is home to many unidentified sea monsters. They are said to be grey broad headed and long bodied. This monster has been feared since the Indians where in this area. This serpent has even confirmed by pilots looking down on the area.

Joseph Y.

Mystery Of the Ocean

Deep down in the depths of the ocean lies a mystery. Most people didn't know what the mystery was or where it came from. Some thought it was a dinosaur still alive today. Others believed it was an alien living in our oceans. But neither was true, it was a fish, a monster of a fish that had jaws larger than a house and teeth as big as swords. When he smiled all the other fish in the ocean would run and hide. No fish dared to challenge this monster. If he wanted he could swallow a whole school of fish in a single bite. He would often boss the other fish in the ocean around and make them do things for him. He would order all the other fish to bring him his favorite treat to eat, plankton.



None of

the fish ever said no when the monster would say to do something for him. Everyone knew that the fish was stronger than the biggest shark and could swim faster than a dolphin. He was the tyrant of the ocean. All day he would swim around making sure everyone was doing what he wanted and he slept in a dark cave at the bottom of the sea at night. It seemed like this monster had everything he had ever wanted. But he was missing one thing, a friend.

The mystery had always been a large fish, much larger than any of the others while he was growing up. This made all the other fish around him scared and they never wanted to play with him. He tried his hardest to make friends growing up but none of the other fish wanted anything to do with him. When he would see other fish swimming around and playing games he would try and join in, but they would run from him thinking he was going to eat them. This always hurt his feelings and made him angry. And it wasn't long before he grew even larger than the adults and they feared him too. No one wanted to be his friend.

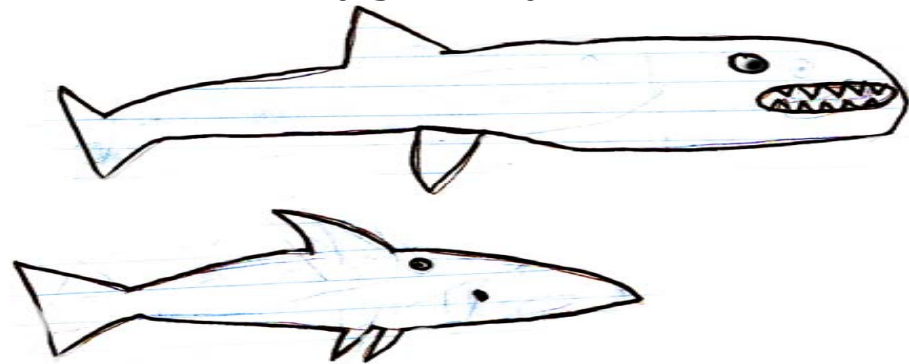
It wasn't until he met a special dolphin named Donny did he ever make a friend. Donny was special because he was the first person to not run and hide when he came near. Donny had never been afraid of anything. From the first time they met they were best friends. He even told Donny his name that everyone else had forgotten. His name was Bosco. Donny and Bosco did everything together. They would race from one side of the ocean to the other. Even though Bosco was much faster he would let Donny win sometimes. He liked the way it made him feel when Donny was happy. One day Donny even suggested that Bosco should start doing nice things for the other fish so they would be friends with him. And that's exactly what he did. Bosco started to help the other fish out any way he could. If they needed help with a shark bullying them he would chase them off. If they needed something heavy moved he would do it without breaking a sweat. He soon became the most helpful fish in the ocean, and it was all thanks to Donny. All the other fish stopped calling Bosco names like, monster, giant and freak, and called him friend instead.

Bosco had never been so happy in all his life. Not only did he have Donny as his friend, but he also had hundreds of other new friends. But he still felt like something was wrong, so he decided he should go see a fish counselor. He didn't know what to expect when he first saw the fish

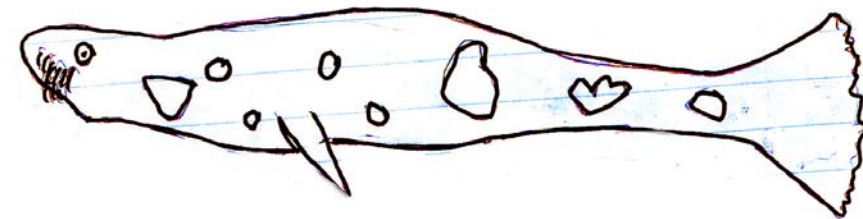
counselor but he actually really liked it. He enjoyed talking about himself and finding out things he didn't know about himself. He even found out what had been bothering him.

All his new friends in the ocean were so nice to him, but he still hadn't forgiven them for the way he was treated when he was growing up. With the counselors help he was able to let go of those bad feelings he had and was even happier than before. Now he could play with Donny and all his new friends for the rest of his life and be happy.

One day when Donny met Bosco after his fish counseling class they met a new friend. His name was Sammy the Seal. He was on his way to meet a few friends and invited Bosco and Donny to come with. So the three of them went and caught up with a few of Sammy the Seal's friends. Sammy and his friends were planning on playing Donny and Bosco's favorite game, water tag. So the rest of the day Donny and Bosco played water tag with Sammy and his friends. It was a very good day.



Маркел



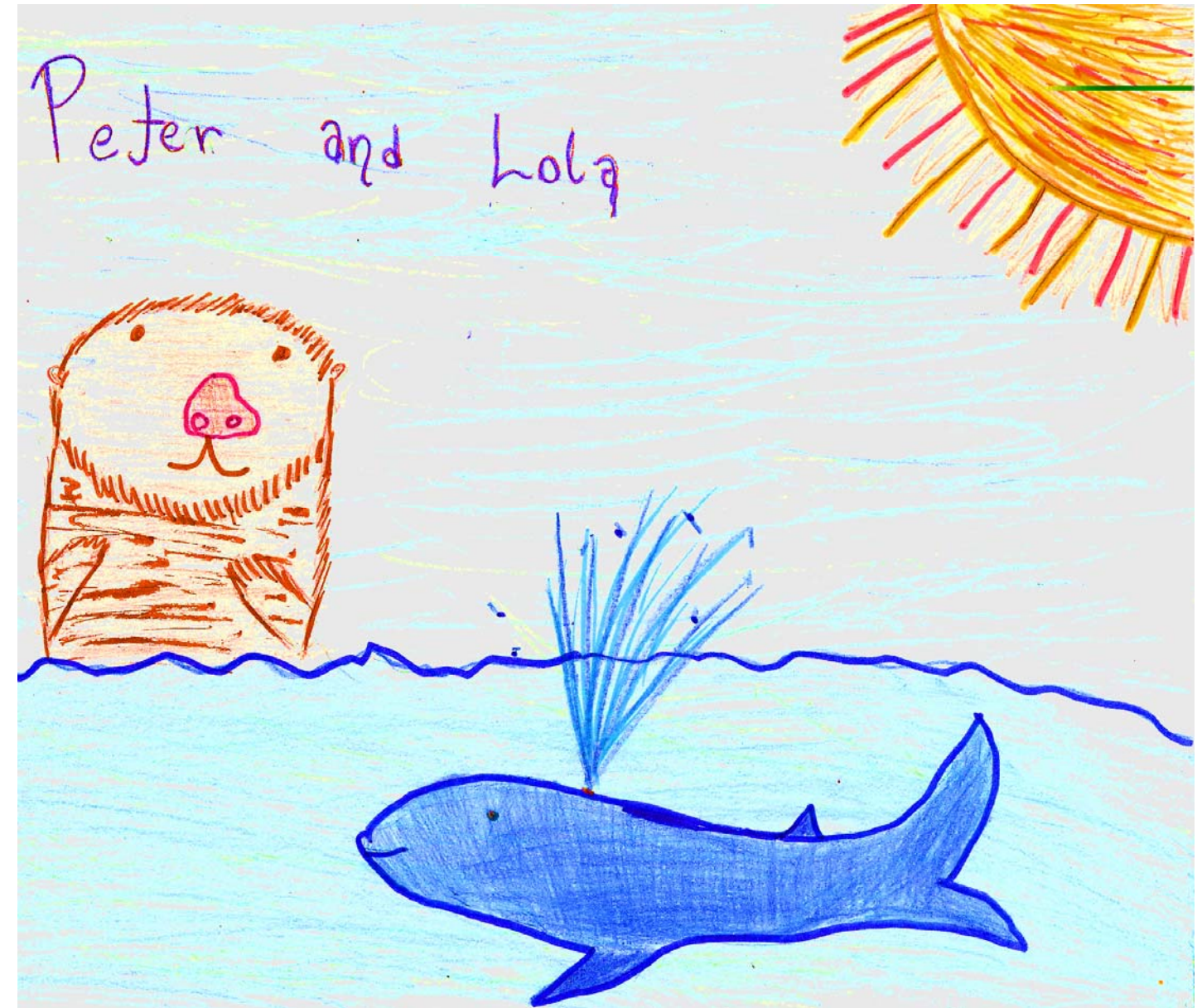
Peter and Lola

Once there were two best friends. Their names were Peter the whale and Lola the sea otter. They did everything together. Like playing sea games or seeing who could swim the fastest. They were such great friends!

Then one day Lola was going to sneak up on Peter. While Lola was sneaking up on Peter, Peter was on his back enjoying the nice hot sun. Right when Lola jumped up on Peter's tummy, Peter quickly turned over onto his stomach and splashed his tail so hard the waves were gigantic! So that the animal that jumped on top of him would be long gone. Then he splashed his tail four more times to make sure that whoever scared him was long gone. But he did not know that the person who scared him was Lola his best friend.

After that Lola was drifting off into the unknown, being splashed by the huge waves that Peter made. She cried for help but no one could hear her because she was so far away. Then Lola was scared so she started to cry not knowing what to do.

Later Peter was looking for Lola to play some sea games but he couldn't find her. He looked everywhere for her but he still couldn't find her anywhere.

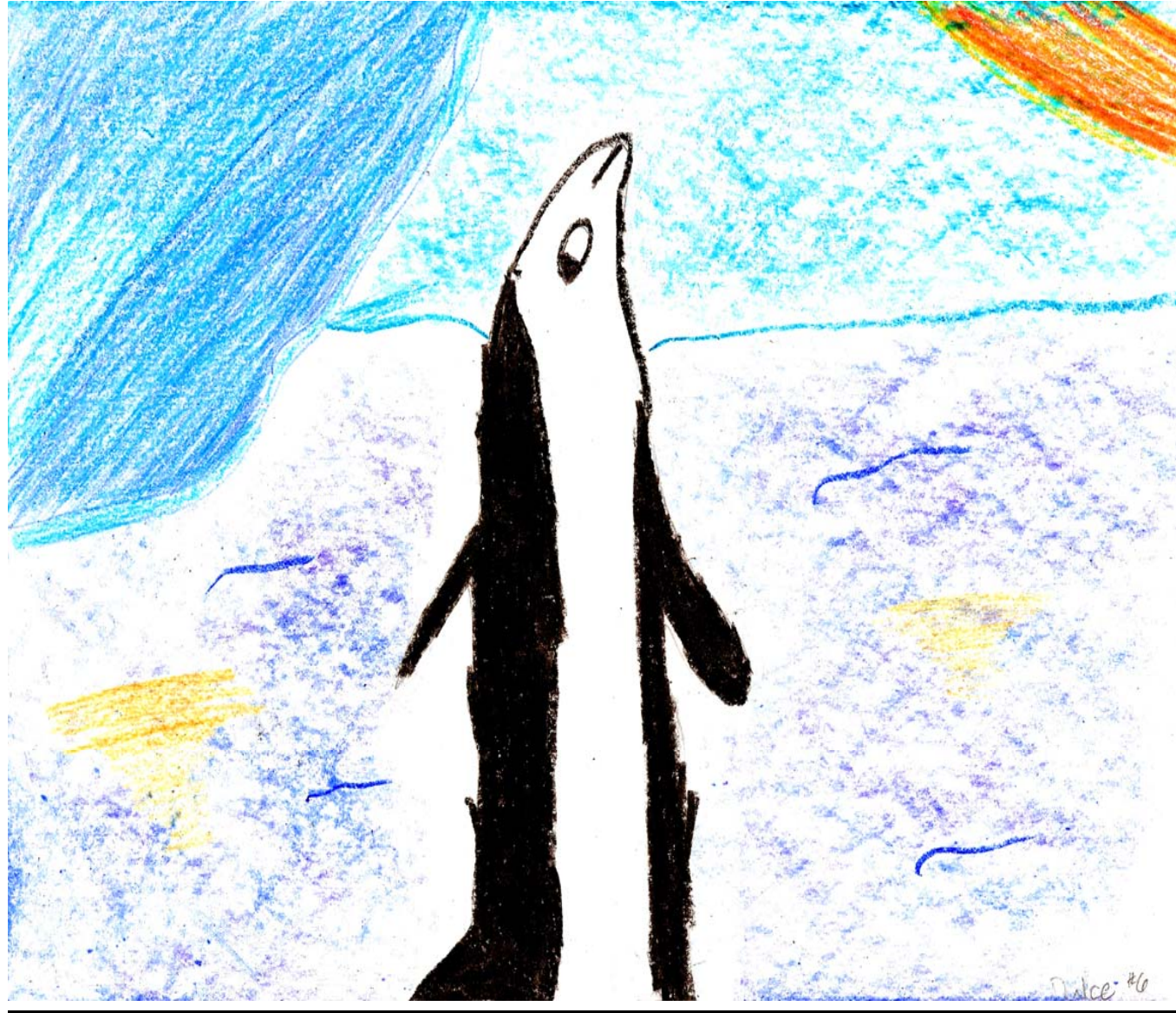


Now Peter was getting worried. As he thought he thought about his big tail and how it made that huge wave. Could that have been Lola who was sneaking up on him for fun? Asked Peter to himself. So Peter searched all seven seas and found her on the shore of Antarctica. When he was coming up to the shore he noticed the glaciers were melting and the water was rising but he didn't know why. Then he was all the way up to shore and he saw Lola and Lola saw him. They ran to each other and gave each other a hug! Peter said he was so sorry that he made her come all the way out here. Lola said she forgives Peter.

Peter asked why are the glaciers melting and the waters are rising? Lola told Peter that his huge wave caused the glaciers to melt because when Peter's huge waves hit the glaciers it cracked them and caused them to break and then they started melting. Peter was very sad that his huge waves caused the glaciers to melt. But he had a plan to stop it. He told Lola his plan and Lola wasn't sure it was going to work with just the two of them. So they searched all of Antarctica and found, 20 baby seals, 40 grown up seals, 100 Penguins, 15 Sea Elephants, 26 Orcas, 10 Sea Otters, and 18 walruses. Peter told them his plan and his plan was to blow on the glaciers extremely hard. So they all did and it worked! Everybody was very happy. So Peter, Lola, and their new friends saved the glaciers from rising!

Rebecca and WJ





Global Warming

There is a major crisis affecting all ocean creatures and their habitats. What is it you might ask? GLOBAL WARMING! It is a HUGE problem that is harming our ocean creatures and habitats. The Arctic is feeling the effects the most. The temperatures continue to rise more in this area than anywhere else in the world. Why do we care? We care, because the polar bears and native people in this area may lose their homes by the year 2040. Another area that is being damaged by global warming is the coral reefs. They are dying off at a fast rate because of the rising ocean temperatures. Penguins' homes are melting and their habitats are being lost. This is causing the penguins to spend more time in the water, risking themselves and their young to predators. They are on the move more and more! These are just a few examples of the effect of global warming, and how it is affecting the ocean habitats and creatures. What do we do? What is the answer? There are a few simple things we can do to protect ocean habitats; reduce carbon dioxide emissions, pollute less, and use less fossil fuel. This will help our oceans and earth!

Dulce

20 Seconds in...

A Day In The Life of a Crab By Dan and Austin

